

Today

Our New Boss—Japan.
"You May Not," Says She.
Think About Gold.
Rosenwald's Motto.

By ARTHUR BRISBANE
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It appears that the Washington conference has put in treaty form a rule forbidding the United States to establish a military base at the Philippines. And there is under discussion a suggestion that the United States be FORBIDDEN to establish fortifications on the island of Guam, property of this country.

Guam could be made, according to military engineers, the most powerful fort on earth, excepting possibly Gibraltar. It could be in the Far East, another Heligoland, Germany's possession in the North sea, that was impregnable until the allies stripped it of weapons, fortifications, and fighting value.

What do the American people think of allowing Japan, England, and France, Japan especially, to decide what the United States may do with its own territory?

The idea in FORBIDDING fortification of its own property by the United States is that such fortification might hurt the feelings of Japan. She doesn't want us to be too strong in her neighborhood, or for that matter, to plant any obstacles between her coast and the California coast. She fears, says she, that we might attack her.

The majority of Congressmen know, if Hughes, Lodge, Underwood, and Root do not, that this country has no idea of attacking Japan.

We invite Europe and Asia to Washington, and they decide what we shall be forbidden to do with our own territory. And like mild sheep, we do not for a moment dream of telling them what to do with their land. It is too preposterous, too profoundly asinine for belief.

The Republican party is not far away from an election that gave them 7,000,000 plurality as a protest against a Democratic League of Nations. Does it intend to return the compliment and give the Democrats next time a greater plurality by advocating a greater stupidity of the same kind?

The United States Senator who would vote for a treaty to let Japan tell us what part of our land we may and we may not fortify should go to Japan and stay there.

This country does not need him.

It is inconceivable that President Harding should sign a treaty with such a clause in it. The American people want to govern themselves and their own territory for a while longer. They do not need Japan, or anybody from Asia, to tell them what shall be done with mainland, or islands, belonging to the United States.

To "make it easy" for Germany, she will be allowed to pay thirty-one million marks, seven million dollars, in gold every ten days until further orders. War is expensive even when it is over, and in the end it may be found that Germany, with all her indemnities, was not the greatest war loser.

For, as Henry Ford's investigators discovered, "Every German factory is busy," and that is more important than a little gold more or less. This country has nearly all of the gold—we gathered \$690,000,000 more of it last year—but here we haven't got "every factory busy."

Somebody should write a poem on the sources of gold as it pours into this country from all over the world. Literally, "From Greenland's icy mountains to India's coral strand" they find it. They hunt, dig, and kill each other for it. It is picked up in solid lumps as big as your thumb in river beds. It is found in large yellow flakes high up in the mountains. It is taken from holes in the ground a mile deep, and you must grind 2,000 pounds of ore to get one-twentieth of an ounce of gold—and still it pays.

Gigantic mills crush the ore, chemists take out gold in particles too small to be seen. In another place Chinamen sit patiently washing out a few dollars' worth of golden grains per day. You travel in out-of-the-way places in deep canyons, on mountains in the West. Here lie

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GET IT ALL

This newspaper consists of Main News, 16 pages; Society and Drama, 16 pages; Part II, 6 pages; Editorial and City Life, 2 pages; Magazine, 16 pages; Comics, 4 pages; Children's Book of Magic, 8 pages; Sports Section, 4 pages.

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WEATHER—Mostly Cloudy and Warmer Today, Fair and Colder Tonight, Southerly Winds.

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The Washington Times

THE NATIONAL DAILY

SUNDAY MORNING

ALEXANDRIA DIVORCE MILL EXPOSED

Ford Flays Weeks For Juggling Shoals Bid

WALL STREET IS BUCKING OFFER, WESTERN AUTO KING DECLARES

Makes Scathing Indictment of Trusts Who Are Deluging Capital With Propaganda.

RAPS ADMINISTRATION, TOO

Says He Doesn't Care Now Whether Plan Is Accepted or Not—Cites U. S. Waste.

By WEBSTER K. NOLAN.

International News Service. Disappointed and chagrined at the reception of his proposal to lease Muscle Shoals, Henry Ford last night charged that the Administration used his offer as a "football" of politics.

Says Weeks Jockeyed His Offer.

Ford launched a sweeping indictment at "Wall Street interests," and "money brokers" for instigating Federal opposition to his proposal. He openly charged that the Government and Secretary of War Weeks had "juggled and jockeyed" his offer.

The billionaire manufacturer frankly declared that he was "going to the mat" with his opponents before Congress.

Ford declared that Secretary Weeks had "dallied over irrelevant matters" after being "deluged with lies and gross misrepresentations."

The auto king made a lengthy explanation of his offer, going into details in an interview with newspaper men last night. He denied that his offer meant a Government subsidy, but charged "Wall street interests" were misrepresenting it in this light in order to create opposition.

"Hanged if we care very much whether or not we get it now," Ford declared with asperity, referring to the treatment his offer had received at the hands of Secretaries Weeks, Hoover and General Taylor at Friday's conference.

Declares Weeks Stalling.

"Now, after six months, Weeks is still asking what appears to me as irrelevant questions and delaying settlement of this matter," the Detroit magnate continued. "We didn't want Muscle Shoals for selfish purposes in the first place. We didn't make the Government a selfish business proposition—it was an industrial philanthropy which we offered—an offer based on a desire for great public service. And you can just say that every time Secretary Weeks gets us down here again to settle irrelevant points in this proposition he'll never get anywhere. This is not a political matter to be jockeyed and juggled about. Why doesn't he take it or leave it—yes or no—as he would a private business matter?"

Deluge of Lies Floods Congress.

"Maybe we should make allowances for Secretary Weeks," Ford continued. "Weeks and Congress have been deluged by more lies, misrepresentations, and confounded statements regarding Muscle Shoals and our proposition than I have ever before seen gotten together."

"The fertilizer trust, the power and chemical interests of Wall Street, the money brokers, and every other interest that fears to have Muscle Shoals developed along lines that will serve all the people most, instead of serving the big selfish interest of Wall Street, are deluging Weeks and Congress with literature that grossly misrepresents the facts."

Ford declared that he would "go the limit" with the "Fertilizer trust" and make them prove, before Congressional committees, "every statement they make."

"Why," he said, "if we can't make a good, cheap fertilizer down there, why does the Fertilizer trust flood Congress with statements that, if we get Muscle Shoals, we'll wreck their monopoly?"

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New Ford Prices Announced, Run About \$15 Lower

NEW PRICES on Ford automobiles, approximately \$15 on each car, were announced last night, as follows:

Chassis	Old Price	New Price
Runabout	\$295	\$282
(With starter and demountable wheels)	420	414
Touring	355	348
(With starter and demountable wheels)	450	443
Truck chassis	445	430
Coupe	595	580

FIVE BELIEVED LOST IN MISSING PLANE

Flying Boat Left Miami Friday and Has Not Yet Been Found.

DAYTONA, Fla., Jan. 14.—An aeromarine seaplane, piloted by Captain Culbertson, with A. Smith as mechanic, and containing Mose Kahn and Henry C. Crenshaw, Montgomery, Ala., and Leopold Linton, of Reading, Pa., as passengers, left Miami for Bimini, Friday afternoon and failed to arrive.

Search by both boats and seaplanes was conducted all day Saturday without any trace of the missing plane or men, hope having been practically abandoned that the plane might have landed on the sea. Bimini is forty-one miles from Miami.

Mrs. Cromwell Brooks'

Engagement Announced

Formal announcement of the engagement of Mrs. Louise Cromwell Brooks, Washington society matron, to Brig. Gen. Douglas MacArthur, superintendent of the Military Academy at West Point, was made last night by Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury, Mrs. Brooks' mother, in Philadelphia.

News of the engagement was announced exclusively in The Washington Times Friday.

Washington society, upon learning of Mrs. Stotesbury's announcement, heaved a sigh for three dashing gentlemen—Gen. John J. Pershing, Senator Walter E. Edge of New Jersey, and Major John G. Quekemyer, aid to Pershing, all of whom have paid marked attention to the beautiful Mrs. Brooks.

Ulsterites Seize Irish

Prisoners King Freed

LONDON, Jan. 14.—Thirty Sinn Feiners, including Father Donnelly, chaplain under the late Mayor Terence MacSwiney, were liberated today from the prison on the Isle of Wight.

A report has been received from Belfast that radical Ulsterites there have refused to permit the placing in effect of amnesty for political prisoners. Early today a special train, Dublin-bound, was held up by Ulster leaders and ninety-six political prisoners, eighteen of whom had been under sentence of death, were removed.

Two Killed, One Injured

When Train Hits Auto

RATON, N. M., Jan. 14.—Two men were killed and another seriously injured today when a Santa Fe passenger train crashed into an automobile occupied by the victims at a grade crossing.

Carl Stevens and Newell Stuart were killed almost instantly and Arthur Kerr, driver of the car, is not expected to live.

Men Better Liars Than Women, Declares Author

NEW YORK, Jan. 14.—"All men are born liars," according to Ellis Parker Butler, famous author, who classifies them as: 1. Those who get over it. 2. Those who lie romantically and with malice. And 3. Those who lie for profit.

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EASTERDAY SAYS FLO ZIEGFELD POISONED LOVE

Threatens to Sue Broadway Magnate for \$1,000,000 in Damages.

INSISTS SPOUSE DROP SUIT

Declares Gloria Foy's Action for Divorce Inspired by His False Friends.

"Unless my wife calls off her divorce proceedings while I am incarcerated in this jail I will institute suit against Florenz Ziegfeld, producer of the 'Follies' and 'Midnight Frolic,' to recover \$1,000,000 for alienating my little wife's affections."

When W. Easterday, former Washington broker and beau brummel, who is in the District jail awaiting trial for alleged complicity in the notorious \$5,000,000 bond theft case, made this statement last night to a Washington Times reporter.

Seated in the tiny office of Captain Peake, superintendent of the District jail, Easterday told the "inside" story of events which led to the filing of suit for absolute divorce in the New York courts by his pretty twenty-year-old wife, Gloria Foy, one of Ziegfeld's stellar attractions in his "Midnight Frolic" show.

Pestered by Letters.

According to Easterday, Gloria Foy was "pestered by letters and through other means" by Ziegfeld making her attractive offers to appear in his show if she would obtain a divorce from Easterday.

"I wrote Ziegfeld personally and told him I did not want my wife to appear on the stage," Easterday continued. "He persisted, however, in trying to get my wife to join his show."

Easterday said he had letters from his wife telling him that she was going to go on the New York stage, whether he willed it or not.

Influenced His Wife.

"David Sullivan (Easterday's former partner in the brokerage business in Washington), who nightly called upon my wife while I was incarcerated here, was one of those responsible for weaning her away from me."

"He told my wife that I would do a long 'stretch' in jail and urged her to let me go."

"Sullivan always had a great influence over my wife. He has a remark—"

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Appraisal of Cave Man

Kiss Too Much for Jury

CHICAGO, Jan. 14.—The question of whether a "cave man kiss" is worth \$25,000 was still undecided today as the result of the failure of the jury trying the suit of Miss Mathilda Benhardt against Dr. J. L. Mitchell to agree. Judge Lewis dismissed the jury.

Miss Benhardt claimed that the "cave man kiss" was administered by Dr. Mitchell while she was assisting him in the treatment of a patient at a hospital. She valued the kiss at \$25,000 in her suit.

Facing New Prison Term,

Convict Slashes Wrists

BALTIMORE, Jan. 14.—Rather than go back to the Massachusetts Reformatory, at Concord, to complete a sentence of five years for violating his parole, Lawrence L. Gaylord, alias William J. Carter, thirty, who was to be released from the Maryland penitentiary after serving a sentence for burglary, attempted to end his life in a cell by slashing his wrists with a knife.

After having his wounds dressed Gaylord was locked up to await the arrival of the Massachusetts authorities.

BOTTLE PLANT TO RESUME.

PADEN CITY, W. Va., Jan. 14.—Duquesne bottle works here will resume operation on February 1.

Why Is the Friendly, Orderly Representative Government Of Mexico Not Recognized?

When is the government of one nation "recognized" by the governments of other civilized nations?

The answer to this question is very simple—the practice hitherto invariable.

The government of a nation is recognized, first, when it is representative of the nation it governs, when it holds office by the will and through the act of a sufficient majority of the people.

The government of a nation is recognized, second, when it demonstrates that it is an efficient government, maintaining law and order and civilized conditions.

The government of a nation is recognized third, when it is a reasonably friendly government to other nations, extending proper protection to the citizens of other nations in their political and property rights.

The government of the United States of Mexico conforms to all of these three requirements.

Why, then, is it not recognized by the Government of the United States of America?

The government of Alvaro Obregon has been in office more than a year.

It was elected overwhelmingly. It has been supported almost unanimously.

It is, therefore, the most representative government that Mexico has had in the life of the present generation.

The government of Alvaro Obregon restored peace in Mexico immediately upon its accession, and installed better order and a more generally approved and respected law, and more just and equitable and beneficial civilized conditions in Mexico than have ever prevailed in the history of the country.

And finally, the government of Alvaro Obregon is more friendly to the United States of America and the people of the United States than any government of Mexico has been for many years.

The people of this country are invited into Mexico by the Obregon government.

They are protected while in Mexico by the Obregon government.

They are offered opportunity for investment and security for their investments; they constitute almost a favored class in the community; in the fact that many laws which are intended to regulate and restrict the property holdings of Mexican citizens do not apply to the citizens of the United States.

The Obregon government is not only friendly to the people of the United States, but to the Government of the United States, making our Government its model in many respects and always speaking and acting in the most friendly and generous way toward our Government and toward the individuals who constitute our Government; notwithstanding the fact that Mexico has encountered so little courtesy and consideration—in fact, so great a lack of courtesy and consideration—at the hands of this Government.

There would appear to be then no reason, political or personal, why the government of Mexico should not be recognized by the Government of the United States.

And as a matter of fact there is no reason, political or personal, but there is said very plainly to be a financial reason.

And the citizens of the United States must discover the truth about this situation, and this financial reason, although the truth may be rather humiliating to learn.

The plain facts, as stated by various informed correspondents of these publica-

tions, are that the international bankers contributed very largely to the campaign funds of the Republican party, and that these international bankers have since been seeking every opportunity to recoup themselves and make a handsome profit in addition, not only at the expense of the reputation of the Republican party, but at the sacrifice of the public welfare of the people of the United States.

Consequently, instead of a patriotic and creditable diplomat going to Mexico to represent this country and negotiate recognition, Mr. Thomas W. Lamont, representative of the international bankers, was sent to Mexico and is declared to have submitted to the Mexican government the proposition that it secure recognition by redeeming at 120 a vast quantity of Mexican bonds which the international bankers had bought at an average of approximately 40.

In other words, the price of recognition was many million dollars in blood money to be paid the international bankers.

A proposition of this extraordinary, not to say outrageous, kind savors somewhat of blackmail; and it certainly is not an inspiring thing to think of the Government of the United States acting as agent of the international bankers in an attempt to blackmail the Mexican government out of many million undue and undeserved dollars as the price of recognition which should be extended Mexico as a matter of right and justice and plain friendship between neighboring republics.

Perhaps the Government of the United States does not know to what extent it was used by the international bankers.

Perhaps the Government of the United States does not know to what extent disapproved Big Interests have lately endeavored, unsuccessfully, to foment revolution in Mexico, and to overthrow a righteous and rightful government, whose only crime was that it would not bleed its people to pay blackmail to the international bankers.

If the Government of the United States does not know these discreditable facts, the Hearst publications will proceed to establish them more and more day by day until the Government is convinced of these facts and proceeds to consider the question of Mexican recognition upon its merits and apart from the selfish schemes of the international bankers and certain big oil interests.

This article is being written, not in the interest of the people of Mexico, but in the interest of the people of the United States.

The friendship of the people of Mexico is important to the United States in a commercial way and in a civic way.

The good will of a country extending for so many miles along our frontier is of much more vital consequence in a military way than alliances with distant and fundamentally different peoples which can bring us nothing but complications and obligations.

It is time our Government realized to what extent it is being misled by the selfish interests of the international bankers into alien associations which can do us no good and into neighboring enmities which may do us much harm.

It is time our Government paid less attention to the interests and influences of the international bankers and gave more heed to the will and the welfare of the American people.

WILLIAM RANDOLPH HEARST.

LAWYERS FIGHT REAPPOINTMENT OF MAGISTRATE IN RENO OF EAST

Petition Presented to Virginia Legislature Discloses Starting Story of Falsified Records.

CLEAN-UP OF CITY PLANNED

Bar Association Wants to Stop Practices Giving Community Unenviable Name.

By HARVEY L. COBB.

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You can get a divorce in Alexandria for \$50.

For an added bonus, you can get it in less than a week.

You don't have to live in Alexandria—or even in Virginia—to get it.

All you have to do is to know the right law firm, pass over the fee, go on about your business, and the papers will be delivered to you.

It's just as easy to get a divorce in Alexandria as to buy a ton of coal or get a shave.

Declaring that the courts of Alexandria had become the "dumping ground" for Washington divorce seekers, due to "non-enforcement of the divorce laws," serious charges were yesterday preferred against Robinson Moncure, judge of the Alexandria corporation court, by members of the Alexandria Bar Association, seeking to prevent his re-election.

According to the petition sent by the members of the association to the house of delegates at Richmond, the divorce evil has become so notorious in Alexandria that the city "has achieved the unenviable name of 'Little Reno of the East.'"

Hundreds of Divorces.

Hundreds of divorces are issued each year without question, it is charged, by either attorney or court, as to the truth of the affidavits filed, many of them being so grossly flagrant of the law that the falsity is apparent even to the layman.

Judge Moncure was appointed judge of the corporation court on May 22, 1920, by Governor Westmoreland Davis to fill an unexpired term. Ordinarily the place is filled by the legislature which elects the judge. Since his appointment, the petition declares, "nearly a thousand divorces have been granted in the city of Alexandria by Judge Moncure."

It is pointed out that Alexandria, with a population of 18,000, which, based on the average family of five persons, would mean 3,600 families. "This would mean that if the cases of divorces granted in Alexandria were bonafide, every fourth family in the city of Alexandria has been disrupted by a divorce."

Lacks Qualifications.

In addition to alleged non-enforcement of the divorce laws of the State, Judge Moncure, according to the petition of the Alexandria Bar Association, "is lacking in legal qualifications to fill the position of judge."

Three other charges of "political